

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION CARNESVILLE, GEORGIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (Including Independent Auditor's Reports)



FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

- TABLE OF CONTENTS -

		<u>Page</u>
	SECTION I	
	FINANCIAL	
INDEPE	NDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	
	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
MANAGE	EMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	i
EXHIBITS	S	
	BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
	GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
A B	STATEMENT OF NET POSITION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	1 2
	FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
С	BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
D	RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	5
E	STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	
F	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT	6
	OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	7
G	STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS	8
Н	NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	10
SCHEDL	JLES	
	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
1	SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY	27
2	TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY	37
3	EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY	38
4	PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY	39
5	SCHOOL OPEB FUND SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA	40 41
5 6	SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA	41 42
7	SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - SCHOOL OPEB FUND	43 44
8	NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	44

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

- TABLE OF CONTENTS -

<u> </u>	Page				
SECTION I					
FINANCIAL					
SCHEDULES					
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION					
9 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND	45				
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION					
11 SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE	46 47 49				
SECTION II					
COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS					
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS					
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	ON				
SECTION III					
AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS					
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS					
SECTION IV					
FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS					
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS					

SECTION V

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION FOR CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

SCHEDULE OF MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION

SECTION I

FINANCIAL

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

August 1, 2019

Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Franklin County Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Franklin County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also

includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2018, the School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended by GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017. The School District restated beginning net position for the effect of GASB Statement No. 75. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

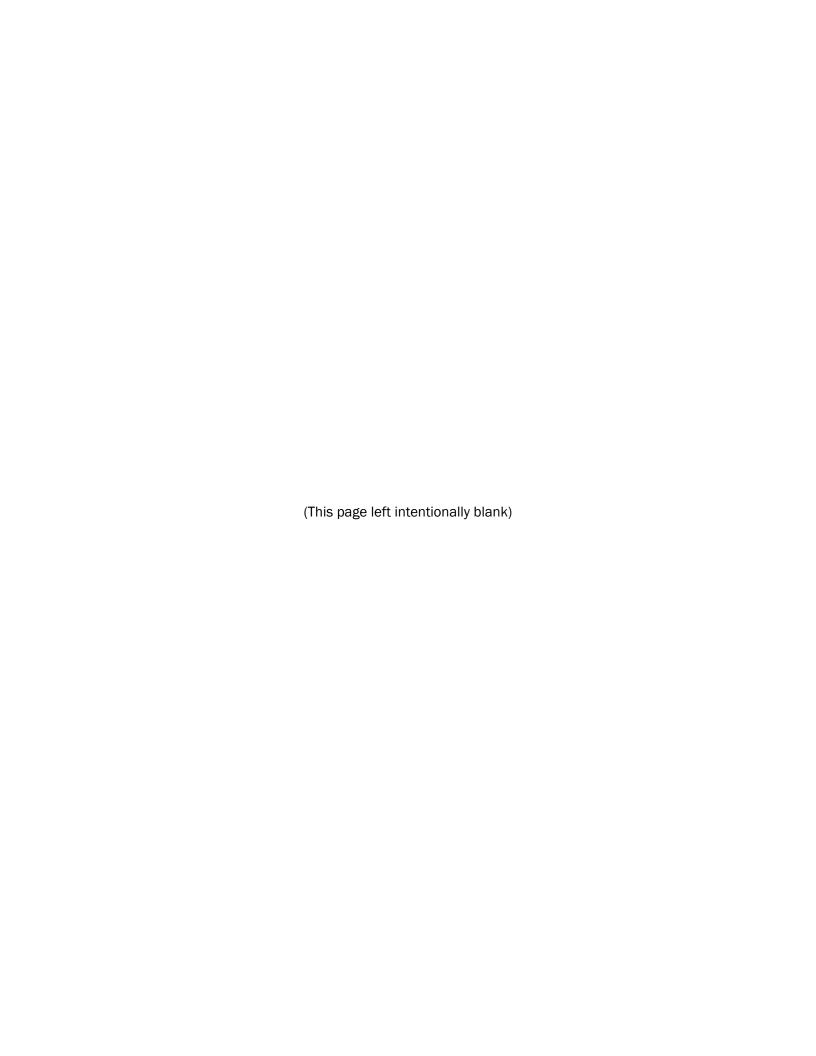
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 1, 2019 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record in the office of the State Auditor and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor



INTRODUCTION

The discussion and analysis of the Franklin County Board of Education's (School District) financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal years 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

The School District had \$41,290,804 and \$40,404,483 in expenses relating to governmental activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively. Only \$25,669,673 and \$26,372,770 of the above mentioned expenses for 2018 and 2017 were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily property and sales taxes) of \$18,681,950 and \$16,416,771, respectively, for 2018 and 2017, along with fund balance were adequate to provide for these programs.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts; management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements including the notes to the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two levels of statements that present different views of the School District. These include the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the School District presenting both short-term and long-term information about the overall financial status.

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts, reporting the School District's operation in more detail. The governmental funds statements disclose how basic services are financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the School District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The fund financial statements reflect the School District's most significant funds. For the years ending June 30, 2018 and 2017, the general fund, the capital projects fund, and the debt service fund represent the most significant funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements. Additionally, other supplementary information (not required) is also presented that further supplements understanding of the financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the School District's assets and liabilities. All of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the School District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the School District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, are one way to measure the School District's overall financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are an indication of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Changes may be the result of many factors, including those not under the School District's control, such as the property tax base, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the School District has one distinct type of activity:

➤ Governmental Activities – All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, food service, student activity accounts and various others.

Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and some by bond requirements. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund, the capital projects fund, and the debt service fund.

Governmental Funds - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position, not on income determination. These funds are reported using the modified accrual method of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are reconciled to the financial statements.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as school clubs and organizations within the principals' accounts. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal years 2018 and 2017. Prior year amounts were not restated to reflect the fiscal year 2018 implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

Table 1
Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
		Fiscal		Fiscal	
		Year 2018	•	Year 2017	
Accepta					
Assets					
Current and Other Assets	\$	24,700,527	\$	14,803,930	
Capital Assets, Net	_	64,013,388	•	64,122,285	
Total Assets		88,713,915		78,926,215	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		6,927,729		8,844,415	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		95,641,644		87,770,630	
Liebilities					
Liabilities		70 004 004		40 400 040	
Current and Other Liabilities		70,904,621		40,433,349	
Long-Term Liabilities	_	8,585,000		2,595,754	
Total Liabilities		79,489,621		43,029,103	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,429,164		760,402	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		82,918,785		43,789,505	
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		63,316,603		63,169,340	
Restricted		3,504,591		2,802,677	
		, ,		, ,	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	_	(54,098,335)		(21,990,892)	
Total Net Position	\$_	12,722,859	\$	43,981,125	

Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by \$7,871,014 which was primarily due to increase in cash related to the sale of bonds.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years ending June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017. Prior year amounts were not restated to reflect the fiscal year 2018 implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

Table 2
Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
		Fiscal		Fiscal
	_	Year 2018		Year 2017
Revenues				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$	518,599	\$	531,680
Operating Grants and Contributions		25,073,754		25,763,874
Capital Grants and Contributions	_	77,320		77,216
Total Program Revenues	_	25,669,673		26,372,770
General Revenues:				
Taxes				
Property Taxes				
For Maintenance and Operations		10,578,139		10,414,500
Railroad Cars		12,770		-
Sales Taxes				
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax				
For Debt Services		3,518,976		3,156,985
Other Taxes		221,783		191,501
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Program		2,579,180		1,504,405
Investment Earnings		82,754		23,366
Miscellaneous		1,147,686		1,126,014
Special Items		540,662		-
Total General Revenues and Special Items		18,681,950		16,416,771
Total Revenues	_	44,351,623		42,789,541
Program Expenses:				
Instruction		25,810,075		25,606,027
Support Services		25,610,075		23,000,021
Pupil Services		1,533,351		1,510,365
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,718,079		2,019,750
Educational Media Services		713,923		575,775
General Administration		560,664		592,867
School Administration				•
		2,485,369		2,152,114 214,749
Business Administration		357,310		*
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		2,403,623		2,255,607
Student Transportation Services		2,892,899		2,731,444
Central Support Services		242.000		178
Other Support Services		313,898		295,070
Operations of Non-Instructional Services		FF0 004		F07.000
Enterprise Operations		552,064		597,206
Food Services		1,863,156		1,677,282
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	_	86,393		176,049
Total Expenses	_	41,290,804		40,404,483
Increase in Net Position	\$ _	3,060,819	\$	2,385,058

General revenues increased by \$2,265,179 during fiscal year 2018. The increases are principally due to the higher federal grant funding from the Striving Reader Grant. Other increases occur in sales tax revenue and state QBE funding.

Governmental Activities

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. Net cost of services can be defined as the total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental revenue provided for specific programs. The net cost reflects the financial burden on the School District's taxpayers by each activity. Prior year amounts were not restated to reflect the fiscal year 2018 implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

		Total Cos	t of S	ervices	Net Cost	of Se	ervices
	_	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017		Fiscal Year 2018		Fiscal Year 2017
Instruction	\$	25,810,075	\$	25,606,027	\$ 7,238,829	\$	6,448,493
Support Services:							
Pupil Services		1,533,351		1,510,365	1,129,959		1,145,980
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,718,079		2,019,750	1,098,382		1,283,502
Educational Media Services		713,923		575,775	207,693		81,344
General Administration		560,664		592,867	(177,244)		(111,419)
School Administration		2,485,369		2,152,114	1,405,073		1,089,109
Business Administration		357,310		214,749	353,976		206,080
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		2,403,623		2,255,607	1,296,506		1,116,219
Student Transportation Services		2,892,899		2,731,444	2,139,976		1,894,573
Central Support Services		-		178	-		18
Other Support Services		313,898		295,070	266,815		248,002
Operations of Non-Instructional Services:							
Enterprise Operations		552,064		597,206	366,704		443,525
Community Services		-		-	(1,076)		(1,212)
Food Services		1,863,156		1,677,282	209,145		11,449
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Deb	ot _	86,393	_	176,049	 86,393		176,049
Total Expenses	\$_	41,290,804	\$_	40,404,483	\$ 15,621,131	\$	14,031,712

Although program revenues make up a majority of the funding, the School District is still dependent upon tax revenues for governmental activities. For 2018, 38.57% of instruction and support activities were supplemented by taxes and other general revenues compared to 35.31% in 2017.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$53,155,930 and total expenses of \$43,062,776. There was an increase in the fund balance totaling \$10,093,155 for the governmental funds as a whole. The issuance of bonds in the amount of \$8,585,000 makes up the majority of this increase.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Georgia Law. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund, funded primarily through state revenue and local property tax revenue. During the course of fiscal years 2018 and 2017, the School District amended its general fund budget as needed.

During fiscal year 2018 the general fund had final actual revenues and other financing sources totaling \$40,435,882, which represented an increase from the original budgeted amount of \$38,843,858 by \$1,592,024. This difference (final actual vs. original budget) was due to the receipt of state revenue and student activity fees that were not determined at the time of the budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, the School District had \$64,013,388 and \$64,122,285, respectively, invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. These assets are made up of a broad range of capital assets, including land; buildings; transportation, food service and maintenance equipment. Table 4 reflects a summary of these balances, by class, net of accumulated depreciation.

Table 4
Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities								
		Fiscal	Fiscal							
	_	Year 2018		Year 2017						
			-	_						
Land	\$	1,338,157	\$	1,338,157						
Construction In Progress		530,041		323,531						
Building and Improvements		53,015,806		53,180,304						
Equipment		2,017,177		2,138,119						
Land Improvements		6,846,820		6,975,098						
Intangible Assets		265,387		167,077						
Total	\$_	64,013,388	\$	64,122,286						

The overall capital assets decreased in fiscal year 2018 by \$108,898 due to few current year additions being added and continuing depreciation of assets.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At June 30, 2018, the School District had \$8,585,000 in total debt outstanding with \$2,550,000 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes bond debt outstanding at June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Table 5
Debt at June 30

		Governmental Activities							
		Fiscal	Fiscal						
	_	Year 2018	Year 2017						
Bonds Payable Unamortized Bond Premiums	\$_	8,585,000 -	\$	2,550,000 225,754					
Total	\$_	8,585,000	\$	2,775,754					

CURRENT ISSUES

In fiscal year 2018, the cost of the employer portion of TRS pension will increase approximately \$600,000, and an increase in health insurance premiums for non-certified employees is expected to add another \$750,000. These increases are due to a \$2,400 higher employer cost in insurance premium for classified employees and a 2.54% higher employer TRS employer rate. In addition, revenues will again be reduced from the true earned amount as the State of Georgia imposes another QBE Austerity Reduction expected to cost the School District \$411,711 in revenue, bringing the grand total of revenue lost since the cuts began in 2003 to more than \$23.0 million.

Approximately 85% of general fund expenses, the main operating fund for the School District, were related to salaries and employee benefits for the year ended June 30, 2018. More than a third of certified personnel in the School District have 22 years or more of experience resulting in salaries at the highest possible state pay level. With such personnel heavy expenses, it is difficult to offset mandated expense increases such as TRS and health insurance premium expenses. The School District consistently evaluates how funds can be spent smarter and more effectively to ensure that County students receive a quality education from effective personnel.

The School District's millage rate for fiscal year 2018 was 16.868. The net digest has remained flat or decreased still the beginning of the recession in fiscal year 2007. But in fiscal year 2018 there was a \$47.0 million increase in the adjusted net maintenance and operations digest. This allowed the School District to decrease the millage rate by 1.25 mills while not substantially decreasing revenue.

Calendar year 2017 saw the end of SPLOST IV revenue. Starting January 1, 2018, sales tax revenue officially began for SPLOST V projects. Because of two new restaurants and higher sales tax revenue from interstate traffic, sales tax revenue has been up over \$50,000 per month in 2018. An \$8.5 million construction bond was issued in April 2018 to start the Career and College Academy at the high school. Expansion of Carnesville Intermediate School is also planned within the next two years.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Tom Porter at the Franklin County Board of Education, 280 Busha Road, Carnesville, GA 30521. You may also email your questions to tom.porter@franklin.k12.ga.us.



FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 20,057,207.17
Receivables, Net	
Taxes	694,608.41
State Government	3,102,723.21
Federal Government	587,463.60
Local	17,888.89
Other	2,386.97 45,004.61
Inventories Prepaid Items	193,244.31
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	1,868,198.34
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	62,145,189.88
Total Assets	88,713,915.39
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plans	5,437,642.20
Related to OPEB Plan	1,490,087.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,927,729.20
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Accounts Payable	1,484,863.80
Salaries and Benefits Payable	3,915,873.80
Payroll Withholdings Payable	442,250.24
Interest Payable	26,638.58
Contracts Payable	74,600.00
Retainages Payable	11,507.00
Deposits and Unearned Revenues Net Pension Liability	154,440.00 30,818,976.00
Net OPEB Liability	33,975,472.00
Long-Term Liabilities	30,313,412.00
Due Within One Year	2,550,000.00
Due in More Than One Year	6,035,000.00
Total Liabilities	79,489,621.42
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plans	842,018.00
Related to OPEB Plan	2,587,146.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,429,164.00
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	63,316,602.58
Restricted for	407.407.4
Continuation of Federal Programs	407,125.14
Debt Service Capital Projects	3,048,035.66 49,430.38
Unrestricted (Deficit)	49,430.38 (54,098,334.59)
	(34,090,334.39)
Total Mal Basilia	A
Total Net Position	\$ <u>12,722,859.17</u>

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

			_	
	_	EXPENSES		CHARGES FOR SERVICES
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Instruction	\$	25,810,074.79	\$	12,000.00
Support Services				
Pupil Services		1,533,350.84		-
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,718,078.85		-
Educational Media Services		713,923.05		-
General Administration		560,663.99		-
School Administration		2,485,369.44		-
Business Administration		357,310.35		-
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		2,403,622.50		6,875.00
Student Transportation Services		2,892,898.74		13,646.70
Other Support Services		313,897.90		-
Operations of Non-Instructional Services				
Enterprise Operations		552,064.15		185,359.79
Community Services		-		1,076.00
Food Services		1,863,061.15		299,641.45
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	_	86,488.58	_	- -
Total Governmental Activities	\$	41,290,804.33	\$	518,598.94

General Revenues

Taxes

Property Taxes

For Maintenance and Operations

Railroad Cars

Sales Taxes

Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax

For Debt Services

Other Sales Tax

Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Special Items

Insurance proceeds

Total General Revenues and Special Items

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year, Restated

Net Position - End of Year

PROGRAM REVENUES				NET (EXPENSES)
OPERATING		CAPITAL		REVENUES
GRANTS AND		GRANTS AND		AND CHANGES IN
CONTRIBUTIONS	_	CONTRIBUTIONS		NET POSITION
\$ 18,559,245.64	\$	-	\$	(7,238,829.15)
403,391.66		-		(1,129,959.18)
619,697.20		-		(1,098,381.65)
506,230.46		-		(207,692.59)
737,908.21		-		177,244.22
1,080,296.77		-		(1,405,072.67)
3,334.03		-		(353,976.32)
1,100,241.00		-		(1,296,506.50)
661,956.81		77,319.58		(2,139,975.65)
47,082.82		-		(266,815.08)
-		-		(366,704.36)
-		-		1,076.00
1,354,369.76		-		(209,049.94)
-	_	-	_	(86,488.58)
\$ 25,073,754.36	\$_	77,319.58		(15,621,131.45)
				10,578,139.01 12,770.24
				3,518,975.66 221,782.67 2,579,180.00
				82,754.47 1,147,686.35
			_	540,661.64
			_	18,681,950.04
				3,060,818.59
			_	9,662,040.58
			\$_	12,722,859.17

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	_	GENERAL FUND	_	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	9,296,811.20	\$	8,023,751.74 \$	2,736,644.23 \$	20,057,207.17
Receivables, Net Taxes		256 579 40			228 020 01	604 608 41
State Government		356,578.40 3,102,723.21		-	338,030.01	694,608.41 3,102,723.21
Federal Government		587,463.60		-	-	587,463.60
Local		17,888.89		-	-	17,888.89
Other		2,386.97		-	-	2,386.97
Inventories		45,004.61		-	-	45,004.61
Prepaid Items	_	193,244.31				193,244.31
Total Assets	\$	13,602,101.19	\$	8,023,751.74 \$	3,074,674.24 \$	24,700,527.17
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				_		
Accounts Payable	\$	1,484,863.80	\$	- \$	- \$	1,484,863.80
Salaries and Benefits Payable		3,915,873.80		-	-	3,915,873.80
Payroll Withholdings Payable		442,250.24		-	-	442,250.24
Contracts Payable		-		74,600.00	-	74,600.00
Retainages Payable		-		11,507.00	-	11,507.00
Deposits and Unearned Revenue		154,440.00	_	- -		154,440.00
Total Liabilities	_	5,997,427.84		86,107.00	<u>-</u>	6,083,534.84
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		108,334.75			<u>-</u>	108,334.75
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		238,248.92		-	-	238,248.92
Restricted		362,120.53		7,937,644.74	3,074,674.24	11,374,439.51
Assigned		525,427.87		-	-	525,427.87
Unassigned	_	6,370,541.28		<u> </u>		6,370,541.28
Total Fund Balances	_	7,496,338.60	_	7,937,644.74	3,074,674.24	18,508,657.58
	.	40.000.404.45	•	0.000.754.54	0.074.071.01	04 700 507 17
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ <u></u>	13,602,101.19	\$ <u></u>	8,023,751.74 \$	3,074,674.24 \$	24,700,527.17

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C") 18,508,657.58 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. 1,338,157.39 Land Construction in progress 530,040.95 **Buildings and improvements** 65,112,119.05 Equipment 6,698,572.53 8,344,901.15 Land improvements Intangible assets 488,530.40 Accumulated depreciation (18,498,933.25) 64,013,388.22 Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. (30,818,976.00) Net pension liability Net OPEB liability (33,975,472.00) (64,794,448.00)Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Related to pensions 4,595,624.20 Related to OPEB (1,097,059.00)3,498,565.20 Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are 108,334.75 deferred in the funds. Long-term liabilities, and related accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. (8,585,000.00)Bonds payable Accrued interest payable (26,638.58)(8,611,638.58)

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")

12,722,859.17

- 6 -

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		GENERAL FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
REVENUES							
Property Taxes Sales Taxes State Funds Federal Funds Charges for Services Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	\$	10,627,791.93 S 221,782.67 24,358,076.16 3,554,602.64 518,598.94 7,343.37 1,147,686.35	\$	- - - - - -	\$ 	- \$ 3,518,975.66 75,411.10 -	10,627,791.93 3,740,758.33 24,358,076.16 3,554,602.64 518,598.94 82,754.47 1,147,686.35
Total Revenues		40,435,882.06				3,594,386.76	44,030,268.82
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>							
Current Instruction Support Services		24,215,537.17		-		-	24,215,537.17
Pupil Services		1,507,293.82		-		-	1,507,293.82
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,699,722.20		-		-	1,699,722.20
Educational Media Services General Administration		686,137.06 553,794.47		-		-	686,137.06 553,794.47
School Administration		2,396,210.55		-		-	2,396,210.55
Business Administration		2,396,210.55 340,541.14		81,420.00		-	421,961.14
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		2,311,055.13		01,420.00		-	2,311,055.13
Student Transportation Services		2,639,654.29		5,746.42		-	2,645,400.71
Other Support Services		313,897.90		5,740.42		-	313,897.90
Enterprise Operations		552,064.15		-		-	552,064.15
Food Services Operation		1,712,310.77		-		-	1,712,310.77
Capital Outlay		1,712,310.77		1,588,115.45		-	1,588,115.45
Debt Services		-		1,500,115.45		-	1,566,115.45
Principal		_		_		2,370,000.00	2,370,000.00
Dues and Fees		_		1,000.00		2,510,000.00	1,000.00
Interest		_		-		88,275.00	88,275.00
	-				_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Expenditures	-	38,928,218.65		1,676,281.87		2,458,275.00	43,062,775.52
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	-	1,507,663.41	_	(1,676,281.87)	_	1,136,111.76	967,493.30
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Proceeds of Bonds		-		8,585,000.00		-	8,585,000.00
Insurance Proceeds		-		540,661.64	_	- -	540,661.64
Total Other Financing Sources	•			9,125,661.64	_	- -	9,125,661.64
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,507,663.41		7,449,379.77		1,136,111.76	10,093,154.94
Fund Balances - Beginning	•	5,988,675.19		488,264.97		1,938,562.48	8,415,502.64
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	7,496,338.60	\$ <u></u>	7,937,644.74	\$	3,074,674.24 \$	18,508,657.58

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")

10,093,154.94

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay \$ 1,317,835.08

Depreciation expense (1,426,732.54) (108,897.46)

Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

(36,882.68)

Federal revenue reported in governmental funds that provided prior year financial resources are not reported as revenue in the Statement of Activities.

(216,087.38)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.

General obligation bonds issued \$ (8,585,000.00)

Amortization of bond premium 225,753.90

Bond principal retirements 2,370,000.00 (5,989,246.10)

District pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.

Pension expense \$ 69,436.85 OPEB expense (753,446.00) (684,009.15)

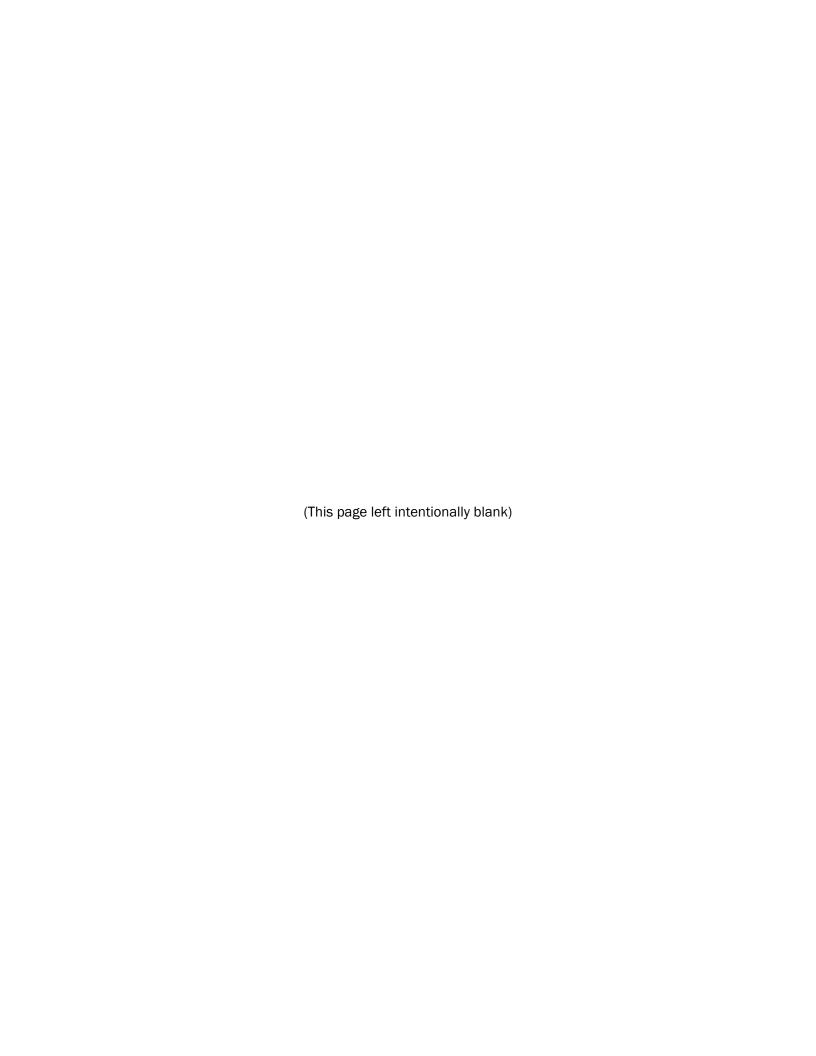
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued interest on issuance of bonds 2,786.42

Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B") \$ 3,060,818.59

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	 AGENCY FUNDS
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 144,853.25 21,953.97
Total Assets	\$ 166,807.22
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Funds Held for Others	\$ 166,807.22



NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

REPORTING ENTITY

The Franklin County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of the School District's total investment in capital
 assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations
 related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended
 for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in
 capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. **Unrestricted net position** consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate financial statements are presented for governmental and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) and bond proceeds that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (sales) legally restricted for the payment of general long-term principal and interest.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

• Agency funds are used to report resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes and grants. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general

long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. This statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed. The adoption of this statement has a significant impact on the School District's financial statements. As noted in the Restatement of Net Position note disclosure, the School District restated beginning net position for the cumulative effect of this accounting change.

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. This statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. This statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statements.

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. The objective of this statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statements.

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues*. The primary objective of this statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statements.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

INVESTMENTS

The School District can invest its funds as permitted by O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity.

Investments made by the School District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

Due to other funds and due from other funds consist of activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year.

INVENTORIES

Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items, in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

CAPITAL ASSETS

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the governmentwide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization		Estimated
	Policy		Useful Life
Land	Any Amount		N/A
Land Improvements	\$	10,000.00	20 to 80 years
Buildings and Improvements	\$	20,000.00	25 to 80 years
Equipment	\$	5,000.00	5 to 50 years
Intangible Assets	\$	20,000.00	Estimated Life

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES AND BOND DISCOUNTS/PREMIUMS

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Postemployment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

FUND BALANCES

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

PROPERTY TAXES

The Franklin County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2017 tax digest year (calendar year) on July 31, 2017 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2017. Taxes were due on November 15, 2017 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2017 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2018. The Franklin County Board of Commissioners bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$9,789,366.53.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2017 tax year (calendar year) for the School District was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations

16.868 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$825,655.16 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

SALES TAXES

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$3,518,975.66 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be reauthorized at least every five years.

NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year, and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general, debt service, and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the various school activity (principal) accounts, is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate function level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

COLLATERALIZATION OF DEPOSITS

O.C.G.A. § 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. § 45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

CATEGORIZATION OF DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2018, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$7,714,055.92, and a bank balance of \$7,990,419.30. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$1,021,953.97 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the School District's name were \$5,904,393.26.

At June 30, 2018, \$1,064,072.07 of the School District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and Uncollateralized	\$	-
Uninsured with collateral held by the pledging financial institution		-
Uninsured with collateral held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the School District's name		1,064,072.07
Total	\$	1,064,072.07

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents balances to carrying value of deposits:

Cash and cash equivalents	
Statement of Net Position \$	20,057,207.17
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	144,853.25
Total cash and cash equivalents	20,202,060.42
Add:	
Deposits with original maturity of three months or more reported as investments	21,953.97
Local	
Less:	7.005.70
Cash on hand	7,205.79
Investment pools reported as cash and cash equivalents	
Georgia Fund 1	12,502,752.68
Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2018 \$	7,714,055.92

CATEGORIZATION OF CASH EQUIVALENTS

The School District reported cash equivalents of \$12,502,752.68 in Georgia Fund 1, a local government investment pool, which is included in the cash balances above. Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and does not operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investment is valued at the pool's share price, \$1.00 per share, which approximates fair value. The pool is an AAAf rated investment pool by Standard and Poor's. The weighted average maturity of Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days. The weighted average maturity for Georgia Fund 1 on June 30, 2018, was 10 days.

Georgia Fund 1, administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer, is not required to be categorized since the School District did not own any specific identifiable securities in the pool. The investment policy of the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer for the Georgia Fund 1, does not provide for investment in derivatives or similar investments. Additional information on the Georgia Fund 1 is disclosed in the *State of Georgia* Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This audit can be obtained from the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts at www.audits.ga.gov/SGD/CAFR.html.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

		Balances July 1, 2017		Increases	_	Decreases		Balances June 30, 2018
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,338,157.39	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,338,157.39
Construction in Progress		323,531.11	_	664,508.84	_	457,999.00		530,040.95
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		1,661,688.50		664,508.84	-	457,999.00		1,868,198.34
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Buildings and Improvements		64,407,930.48		704,188.57		-		65,112,119.05
Equipment		6,465,459.20		233,113.33		-		6,698,572.53
Land Improvements		8,330,726.15		14,175.00		-		8,344,901.15
Intangible Assets		328,682.06		159,848.34		-		488,530.40
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings and Improvements		11,227,627.23		868,685.79		-		12,096,313.02
Equipment		4,327,339.91		354,055.99		-		4,681,395.90
Land Improvements		1,355,628.16		142,453.11		-		1,498,081.27
Intangible Assets		161,605.41	-	61,537.65	-	-		223,143.06
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		62,460,597.18	-	(315,407.30)	-	-		62,145,189.88
Governmental Activity Capital Assets - Net	\$	64,122,285.68	\$	349,101.54	\$	457,999.00	\$	64,013,388.22
Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:								
Instruction						\$ 98	0.9	939.22
Support Services						,	•,	
Educational Media Services		\$		16,387.26				
School Administration		Ψ		39,792.97				
				,				
Business Administration				11,063.44				
Maintenance and Operation of Plant			72,885.64					
Student Transportation Services			213,941.35	_	354,070.66			
Food Services				91,722.66				
	\$ 1,426,732.54				720 5 4			
						\$ <u>1,42</u>	Ό,	132.54

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities, were as follows:

	_			G	overnmental Activ	vitie	es	
		Balance July 1, 2017	 Additions	•	Deductions		Balance June 30, 2018	Due Within One Year
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds Unamortized Bond Premiums	\$	2,370,000.00 225,753.90	\$ 8,585,000.00	\$ •	2,370,000.00 225,753.90	\$	8,585,000.00	2,550,000.00
	\$	2,595,753.90	\$ 8,585,000.00	\$	2,595,753.90	\$	8,585,000.00	2,550,000.00

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT OUTSTANDING

The School District's bonded debt consists of an issue of general obligation bonds that are generally noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The School District repays general obligation bonds from voterapproved sales taxes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

During the current year, the School District issued general obligation bonds totaling \$8,585,000.00 for the purpose of providing funds to the School District to pay or to be applied toward the cost of (i) constructing, renovating, and equipping a Career Technical and Agricultural Education ("CTAE") career academy on the Franklin County High School campus; (ii) adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, acquiring and equipping school buildings and school systems facilities; (iii) acquiring miscellaneous new equipment, fixtures and furnishings for the school system, including computer technology equipment, computer software, school buses and other vehicles, transportation and maintenance equipment, and security and safety equipment; (iv) acquiring land or improving land for new for existing schools; (v) acquiring textbooks, e-books, and e-book readers for the school system; (vi) paying the expenses incident to accomplish the foregoing; and (vii) paying a portion of the interest on such debt.

Of the total amount originally authorized, \$4,810,000.00 remains unissued. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest					Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued		Outstanding
					_	
General Government - Series 2018	2.61%	4/26/2018	3/1/2023	8,585,000.00	\$_	8,585,000.00

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total general obligation bonds payable:

	General Obligation Debt						
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	 Principal		Interest				
2019	\$ 2,550,000.00	\$	189,835.81				
2020	2,615,000.00		157,513.50				
2021	1,110,000.00		89,262.00				
2022	1,140,000.00		60,291.00				
2023	 1,170,000.00		30,537.00				
			_				
Total Principal and Interest	\$ 8,585,000.00	\$	527,439.31				

NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

INSURANCE

Commercial Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the School District carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System (the System), a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, or property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer one or more groups of self-insurance funds, including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the system. The School District pays an annual premium to the System for its general insurance coverage. Additional coverage is provided through agreements by the System with other companies according to their specialty for property, boiler and machinery (including coverage for flood and earthquake), general liability (including coverage for sexual harassment, molestation and abuse), errors and omissions, crime and automobile risks. Payment of excess insurance for the System varies by line of coverage.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1992, to develop, implement, and administer a program of workers' compensation self-insurance for its member organizations. The School District pays an annual premium to the Fund for its Workers' Compensation insurance coverage. Excess insurance coverage is provided through an agreement by the Fund with the Safety National Casualty Corporation to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Fund in excess of \$550 thousand loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit. Employers' Liability insurance coverage is also provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Fund in excess of \$550 thousand loss per occurrence, up to \$2.0 million. In addition to the \$550,000.00 per occurrence retention, the Fund also retains an additional \$200,000.00 per year corridor retention.

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the unemployment compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

		Beginning		Claims and				
		of Year		Changes in		Claims		End of Year
		Liability		Estimates		Paid		Liability
	•	_	_	_	_	_	-	
2017	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2018	\$	-	\$	1,038.00	\$	1,038.00	\$	-

SURETY BOND

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	 Amount		
	 _		
Superintendent	\$ 100,000.00		

NOTE 8: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2018:

Nonspendable			
Inventories	\$ 45,004.61		
Prepaid Assets	193,244.31	\$	238,248.92
Restricted		_1	
Continuation of Federal Programs	\$ 362,120.53		
Capital Projects	7,937,644.74		
Debt Service	3,074,674.24		11,374,439.51
Assigned			
School Activity Accounts			525,427.87
Unassigned			6,370,541.28
		•	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2018		\$	18,508,657.58

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

NOTE 9: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

COMMITMENTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

The following is an analysis of significant outstanding construction or renovation contracts executed by the School District as of June 30, 2018:

		Unearned		Payments	
	Executed		through		
Project		Contracts (1)		June 30, 2018 (2)	
	_		_	_	
Franklin County High School Career Academy	\$_	7,395,463.73	\$	495,720.27	

- (1) The amounts described are not reflected in the basic financial statements.
- (2) Payments include contracts and retainages payable at year end.

NOTE 10: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

FEDERAL GRANTS

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

LITIGATION

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable, but is not believed to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

NOTE 11: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

GEORGIA SCHOOL PERSONNEL POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFIT FUND

Plan Description: Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions: As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$1,261,210.00 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported a liability of \$33,975,472.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the School District's proportion was 0.241819%, which was an increase of 0.001743% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,014,656.00. At June 30, 2018, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		OPEB				
		Deferred		Deferred		
		Outflows of		Inflows of		
	_	Resources	_	Resources		
Changes of assumptions	\$	-	\$	2,587,146.00		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		9,938.00		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		218,939.00		-		
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,261,210.00	. <u>-</u>			
Total	\$_	1,490,087.00	\$_	2,587,146.00		

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$1,261,210.00 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	_	OPEB		
	· <u> </u>	_		
2019	\$	(423,452.00)		
2020	\$	(423,452.00)		
2021	\$	(423,452.00)		
2022	\$	(423,452.00)		
2023	\$	(425,936.00)		
Thereafter	\$	(238,525.00)		

Actuarial assumptions: The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017:

OPEB:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	
ERS	3.25% - 7.00%, including inflation
JRS	4.50%, including inflation
LRS	None
TRS	3.25-9.00%, including inflation
PSERS	N/A
Long-term expected rate of return	3.88%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including
Healthcare cost trend rate	inflation
Pre-Medicare Eligible	7.75%
Medicare Eligible	5.75%
Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	5.00%
Medicare Eligible	5.00%
Year of Ultimate trend rate	2022

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB as follows:

- For ERS, JRS and LRS members: The RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward 2 years or both males and females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set back 7 years for males and set forward 3 years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.
- For TRS members: The RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 1 year for males) is used for death after service retirement and beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) is used for death after disability retirement.
- For PSERS members: The RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) is used for the period after service retirement and for beneficiaries of deceased members. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2014.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

Additionally, there was a change of assumptions that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date. The methodology used to determine employee and retiree participation in the School OPEB Fund is based on their current or last employer payroll location. Current and former employees of public school districts, libraries, regional educational service agencies and community colleges are allocated to the School OPEB Fund irrespective of retirement system affiliation. In addition, the discount rate increased from 3.07% to 3.58%.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return *
Local Government Investment Pool	100.00%	1.13%

^{*} Rate shown is net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation.

Discount rate: In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.58% was used as the discount rate. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.56% per the Bond Buyers Index). The projection of cash flows used to determine

the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employer will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2115. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make OPEB payments for inactive employees through year 2029. Therefore, the calculated discount rate of 3.58% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.58%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.58%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.58%) than the current discount rate:

		1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	_	(2.58%)		(3.58%)	_	(4.58%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	40,339,788.00	\$	33,975,472.00	\$	28,952,738.00	

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Current Healthcare			
	_	1% Decrease	_	Cost Trend Rate	_	1% Increase	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	28,161,795.00	\$	33,975,472.00	\$	41,544,870.00	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports.

NOTE 12: RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA (TRS)

Plan Description: All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided: TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable

service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2018. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 16.81% of annual School District payroll, of which 16.68% of payroll was required from the School District and 0.13% of payroll was required from the State. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$3,332,626.00 and \$23,957.48 from the School District and the State, respectively.

EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan description: The Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (ERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly during the 1949 Legislative Session for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for employees of the State of Georgia and its political subdivisions. ERS is directed by a Board of Trustees. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.

Benefits provided: The ERS Plan supports three benefit tiers: Old Plan, New Plan, and Georgia State Employees' Pension and Savings Plan (GSEPS). Employees under the old plan started membership prior to July 1, 1982 and are subject to plan provisions in effect prior to July 1, 1982. Members hired on or after July 1, 1982 but prior to January 1, 2009 are new plan members subject to modified plan provisions. Effective January 1, 2009, new state employees and rehired state employees who did not retain membership rights under the Old or New Plans are members of GSEPS. ERS members hired prior to January 1, 2009 also have the option to irrevocably change their membership to GSEPS.

Under the old plan, the new plan, and GSEPS, a member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits after completion of 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 60 or 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. Additionally, there are some provisions allowing for early retirement after 25 years of creditable service for members under age 60.

Retirement benefits paid to members are based upon the monthly average of the member's highest 24 consecutive calendar months, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, multiplied by the applicable benefit factor. Annually, postretirement cost-of-living adjustments may also be made to members' benefits, provided the members were hired prior to July 1, 2009. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly for life; however, options are available for distribution of the member's monthly pension, at reduced rates, to a designated beneficiary upon the member's death. Death and disability benefits are also available through ERS.

Contributions: Member contributions under the old plan are 4% of annual compensation, up to \$4,200.00, plus 6% of annual compensation in excess of \$4,200.00. Under the old plan, the state pays member contributions in excess of 1.25% of annual compensation. Under the old plan, these state contributions are included in the members' accounts for refund purposes and are used in the computation of the members' earnable compensation for the purpose of computing retirement benefits. Member contributions under the new plan and GSEPS are 1.25% of annual compensation. The School District's required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 24.81% of annual covered payroll for old and new plan members and 21.81% for GSEPS members. The rates include the annual actuarially determined employer contributions rate of 24.69% of annual covered

payroll for old and new plan members and 21.69% for GSEPS members, plus a 0.12% adjustment for the HB 751 one-time benefit adjustment of 3% to retired state employees. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions to the pension plan were \$7,342.80 for the current fiscal year.

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS)

Plan description: PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs/formspubs/formspubs.

Benefits provided: A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$14.75, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions: The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$75,729.00.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported a liability of \$30,818,976.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS (\$30,801,431.00) and ERS (\$17,545.00).

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the School District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amount recognized by the School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	30,801,431.00
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated		
with the School District	_	353,493.00
Total	\$	31,154,924.00

The net pension liability for TRS and ERS was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS and ERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2017, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.165730%, which was a decrease of 0.00896% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2017, the School District's ERS proportion was 0.000432%, which was no change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

At June 30, 2018, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$375,754.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School District recognized pension expense of \$3,263,946.00 for TRS, \$8,767.00 for ERS and \$75,729.00 for PSERS and revenue of \$35,982.00 for TRS and \$75,729.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	TF	RS	ERS	3
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,152,163.00	\$ 116,241.00	\$ 192.00 \$	-
Changes of assumptions	675,206.00	-	40.00	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	211,965.00	-	44.00
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	258,853.00	513,768.00	11,219.00	-
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,332,626.40		7,342.80	
Total	\$ 5,418,848.40	\$ 841,974.00	\$ 18,793.80 \$	44.00

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$3,332,626.40 for TRS and \$7,342.80 for ERS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	_	TRS	_	ERS
	_	_	_	
2019	\$	(309,768.00)	\$	6,806.00
2020	\$	1,599,837.00	\$	4,902.00
2021	\$	767,918.00	\$	197.00
2022	\$	(829,338.00)	\$	(498.00)
2023	\$	15,599.00	\$	-

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.25% – 9.00%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males) for service requirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) was used for the death after disability retirement. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

Employees' Retirement System:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 3.25% - 7.00%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB and set forward 2 years for both males and females for service retirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP- 2000 Disabled Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB and set back 7 years for males and set forward 3 years for females was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-12% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for service retirements and beneficiaries and for disability retirements. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation 2.75% Salary increases N/A

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) for the period after service retirements and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-11% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for healthy retirees and 9-11% less than expected under the selected table for disabled retirees. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS, ERS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	TRS Target allocation	ERS/PSERS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	30.00%	(0.50)%
Domestic large stocks	39.80%	37.20%	9.00%
Domestic mid stocks	3.70%	3.40%	12.00%
Domestic small stocks	1.50%	1.40%	13.50%
International developed market stocks	19.40%	17.80%	8.00%
International emerging market stocks	5.60%	5.20%	12.00%
Alternative		5.00%	10.50%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	

^{*} Rates shown are net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total TRS, ERS and PSERS pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS, ERS and PSERS pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes *in the discount rate:* The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System:	_	1% Decrease (6.50%)		Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	_	1% Increase (8.50%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	50,548,762.00	\$	30,801,431.00	\$	14,534,069.00
Employees' Retirement System:		1% Decrease (6.50%)	-	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	_	1% Increase (8.50%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	24,764.00	\$	17,545.00	\$	11,387.00

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS, ERS and PSERS financial report which is publically available at www.trsga.com/publications and http://www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.html.

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Franklin County Board of Education participates in an employer paid 403(b) annuity plan for the group of employees covered under the Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). Recognizing that PSERS was a limited defined contribution and defined benefit plan which did not provide for an adequate retirement for this group of employees, it was the Board's desire to supplement the retirement of this group.

The School District selected Lincoln as the provider of this plan. For each employee covered under PSERS, the Board contributes to the plan an amount equal to the amount contributed by the employee not to exceed \$25.00 per employee per month.

The employee becomes vested in the plan with 5 years of experience. Employees who had already achieved 5 years of experience at the time the plan was implemented were vested upon enrollment.

Funds accumulated in the employer paid accounts are only available to the employee upon termination of employment and 5 years of service to Franklin County Board of Education. If an employee terminates employment prior to 5 years of service, funds paid on behalf of the non-vested employee are credited back to the School District.

Employer contribution for the current fiscal year and the preceding two fiscal years are as follows:

		Percentage		Required
_	Fiscal Year	Contributed	_	Contribution
	_			
	2018	100%	\$	12,100.00
	2017	100%	\$	13,025.00
	2016	100%	\$	14,285.00

NOTE 13: RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION

For fiscal year 2018, the School District made prior period adjustments due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 75, as described in "New Accounting Pronouncements", which require the restatement of the June 30, 2017, net position in Governmental Activities. The result is a decrease in net position at July 1, 2017 of \$34,319,085.00. This change is in accordance with generally accepted accounting procedures.

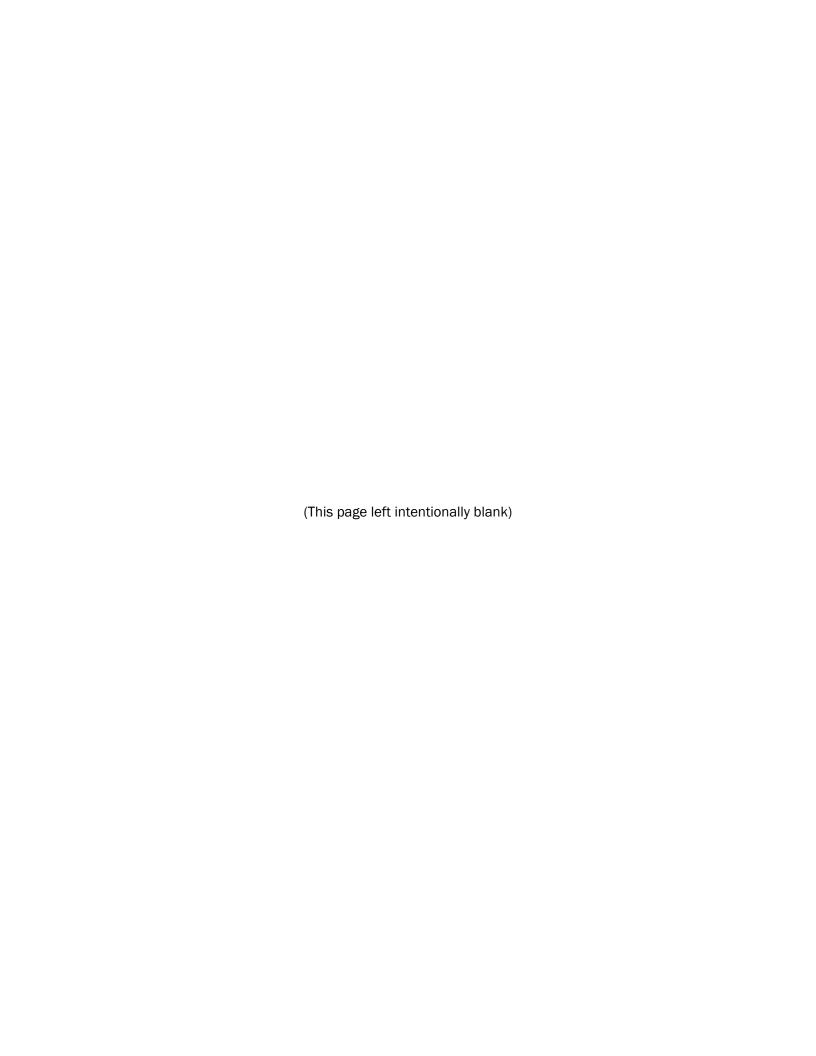
Net Position, July 1, 2017 as previously reported	\$	43,981,125.58
Prior Period Adjustment - Implementation of GASB No. 75: Net OPEB Liability (measurement date)		(35,579,950.00)
Deferred Outflows - School District's Contributions made during fiscal year 2017	_	1,260,865.00
Net Position, July 1, 2017, as restated	\$	9,662,040.58

NOTE 14: TAX ABATEMENTS

The School District property tax revenues were reduced by \$10,595.57 under an agreement entered into by the Franklin County Industrial Business Authority with Ross Controls, Inc. starting on May 1, 2017 for a ten-year period. The purpose of this property tax abatement agreement is to provide an incentive for Ross Controls, Inc. to expand their plant instead of relocating to another jurisdiction.

NOTE 15: SPECIAL ITEMS

In April 2017, a hail storm damaged the Central Office roof at 280 Busha Road in Carnesville. Insurance reimbursement of \$540,661.64 was received for the cost of the damages.



FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	prop e the r as	tate of Georgia's cortionate share of net pension liability sociated with the School District	Total			School District's covered payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2018	0.165730%	\$ 30,801,431.00) \$	353,493.00	\$	31,154,924.00	\$	19,253,341.53	159.98%	79.33%
2017	0.166626%	\$ 34,376,802.00	\$	527,744.00	\$	34,904,546.00	\$	18,595,862.11	184.86%	76.06%
2016	0.168496%	\$ 25,651,843.00	\$	413,180.00	\$	26,065,023.00	\$	18,071,345.00	141.95%	81.44%
2015	0.164905%	\$ 20,833,572.00	\$	331,129.00	\$	21,164,701.00	\$	17,091,045.00	121.90%	84.03%

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

					School District's		
		School District's			proportionate share of	Plan fiduciary net	
	School District's	proportionate share			the net pension liability	position as a	
	proportion of the	of the net pension	Scl	hool District's	as a percentage of	percentage of total	
Year Ended	net pension liability	liability	СО	vered payroll	covered payroll	net pension liability	
2018	0.000432%	\$ 17,545.00	\$	8,831.12	198.67%	76.33%	

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOLS EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	propo share	ol District's ortionate of the net on liability	propo the ne asso	te of Georgia's ortionate share of et pension liability ociated with the chool District	Total	_	chool District's covered payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2018	0.00%	\$	-	\$	375,754.00	\$ 375,754.00	\$	691,390.07	N/A	85.69%
2017	0.00%	\$	-	\$	486,621.00	\$ 486,621.00	\$	1,177,357.03	N/A	81.00%
2016	0.00%	\$	-	\$	291,284.00	\$ 291,284.00	\$	1,146,939.61	N/A	87.00%

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District	Total	School District's covered-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2018	0.241819%	\$ 33,975,472.00	\$ -	\$ 33,975,472.00	\$ 18,518,343.50	183.47%	1.61%

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	Contractually required contribution		Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		Contr	Contribution deficiency (excess)		School District's covered payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll
2018	\$	3,332,626.00	\$	3,332,626.00	\$	-	\$	19,978,659.21	16.68%
2017	\$	2,715,973.35	\$	2,715,973.35	\$	-	\$	19,253,341.53	14.11%
2016	\$	2,613,592.63	\$	2,613,592.63	\$	-	\$	18,595,862.11	14.05%
2015	\$	2,338,991.09	\$	2,338,991.09	\$	-	\$	18,071,345.00	12.94%

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	Contractually required ear Ended contribution		Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		Cont	ribution deficiency (excess)	nool District's vered payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll		
2018	\$	7,342.80	\$	7,342.80	\$	-	\$ 29,595.96	24.81%		
2017	\$	2,191.00	\$	2,191.00	\$		\$ 8,831.12	24.81%		

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	Cont	tractually required contribution	butions in relation to ontractually required contribution	Cont	ribution deficiency (excess)	School District's overed-employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2018	\$	1,261,210.00	\$ 1,261,210.00	\$	-	\$ 19,910,823.89	6.33%
2017	\$	1,260,865.00	\$ 1,260,865.00	\$	-	\$ 18,518,343.50	6.81%

- 43 -

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Teachers Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

Employees' Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases.

Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

School OPEB Fund

Changes of benefit terms: In June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation, there was a change of benefit terms to require Medicare-eligible recipients to enroll in a Medicare Advantage plan to receive the State subsidy.

Changes in assumptions: In the revised June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, there was a change relating to employee allocation. Employees were previously allocated based on their Retirement System membership, and currently employees are allocated based on their current employer payroll location. Additionally, there were changes to the discount rate and an increase in the investment rate of return due to a longer-term investment strategy.

In the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect the Retirement Systems' experience studies.

In the June 30, 2012 actuarial valuation, a data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		NONAPPROP	RIATE	ED BUDGETS		ACTUAL		VARIANCE
	_	ORIGINAL (1)		FINAL (1)		AMOUNTS		OVER/UNDER
DEVENITES								
<u>REVENUES</u>								
Property Taxes	\$	10,043,060.00	\$	10,043,060.00	\$	10,627,791.93	\$	584,731.93
Sales Taxes		-		-		221,782.67		221,782.67
State Funds		23,971,880.00		23,985,715.00		24,358,076.16		372,361.16
Federal Funds		4,251,468.40		4,191,833.40		3,554,602.64		(637,230.76)
Charges for Services		520,450.00		520,450.00		518,598.94		(1,851.06)
Investment Earnings		17,000.00		17,000.00		7,343.37		(9,656.63)
Miscellaneous	_	40,000.00	_	40,000.00		1,147,686.35		1,107,686.35
Total Revenues	_	38,843,858.40	_	38,798,058.40	_	40,435,882.06	_	1,637,823.66
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Instruction		24,900,199.73		25,311,738.57		24,215,537.17		1,096,201.40
Support Services								
Pupil Services		1,894,701.48		1,899,722.05		1,507,293.82		392,428.23
Improvement of Instructional Services		2,307,808.72		2,146,278.99		1,699,722.20		446,556.79
Educational Media Services		578,370.64		578,370.64		686,137.06		(107,766.42)
General Administration		578,175.24		517,705.13		553,794.47		(36,089.34)
School Administration		2,265,386.17		2,265,386.17		2,396,210.55		(130,824.38)
Business Administration		369,249.17		369,249.17		340,541.14		28,708.03
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		2,327,336.74		2,327,336.74		2,311,055.13		16,281.61
Student Transportation Services		2,372,453.54		2,353,184.54		2,639,654.29		(286,469.75)
Central Support Services		3,000.00		-		-		-
Other Support Services		326,000.00		316,000.00		313,897.90		2,102.10
Enterprise Operations		-		-		552,064.15		(552,064.15)
Food Services Operation		1,741,353.46	-	1,741,353.46		1,712,310.77	_	29,042.69
Total Expenditures		39,664,034.89	_	39,826,325.46	_	38,928,218.65	_	898,106.81
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(820,176.49)		(1,028,267.06)		1,507,663.41		2,535,930.47
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Other Sources	_	103,000.00	_	103,000.00				(103,000.00)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(717,176.49)		(925,267.06)		1,507,663.41		2,432,930.47
Fund Balances - Beginning		2,766,276.98		2,766,276.98		5,988,675.19		3,222,398.21
Adjustments	_	17,130.21	_	17,130.21			_	(17,130.21)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	2,066,230.70	\$_	1,858,140.13	\$	7,496,338.60	\$_	5,638,198.47

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the budgeted revenues or expenditures of the various principal accounts. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various principal accounts are \$1,021,230.90 and \$941,687.46, respectively.

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	CFDA NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	18185GA324N1099 \$,
National School Lunch Program	10.555	18185GA324N1100	1,326,224.37
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			1,637,020.51
Education, U. S. Department of			
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027	H027A160073	244,906.79
Grants to States	84.027	H027A170073	462,646.08
Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A160081	13,984.18
Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A170081	24,428.25
Total Special Education Cluster			745,965.30
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A170010	31,953.96
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	S365A160010	7,299.00
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	S365A170010	5,208.27
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	S011A160011	9,813.67
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	S011A170011	23,909.28
Rural Education	84.358	S358B160010	16,882.56
Striving Readers	84.371	S371C110049	40,456.21
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A170011	22,023.44
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A160001	1,129.00
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A170001	100,077.22
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A160010	46,653.00
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A170010	931,611.48
Total Other Programs			1,237,017.09
Total U. S. Department of Education			1,982,982.39
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	3,620,002.90

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Franklin County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

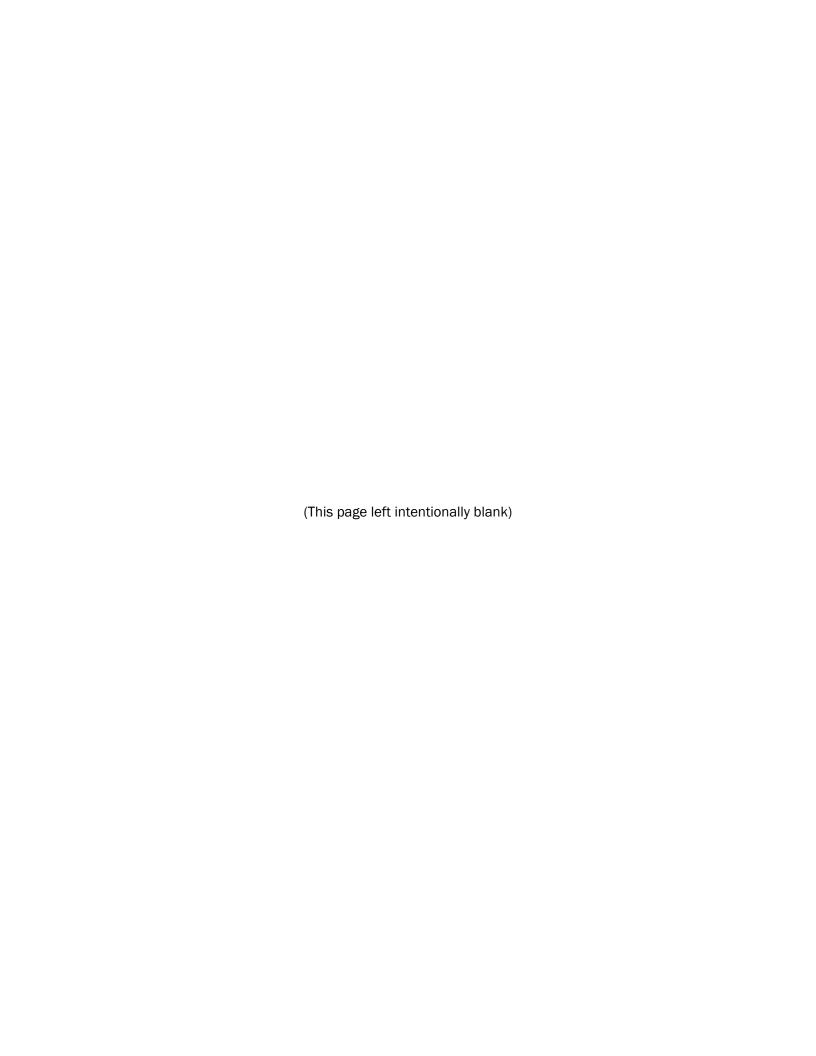
Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		GOVERNMENTA FUND TYPE
	_	GENERAL
SENCY/FUNDING		FUND
GRANTS		
Education, Georgia Department of		
Quality Basic Education		
Direct Instructional Cost		
Kindergarten Program	\$	875,749
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program	•	630,702
Primary Grades (1-3) Program		2,323,082
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program		1,301,335
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program		1,114,577
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program		824,104
Middle Grades (6-8) Program		2,532,269
High School General Education (9-12) Program		1,937,097
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		725,796
Students with Disabilities		3,613,159
Gifted Student - Category VI		589,039
Remedial Education Program		822,845
Alternative Education Program		175,975
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)		180,412
Media Center Program		448,477
20 Days Additional Instruction		137,100
Staff and Professional Development		77,047
Principal Staff and Professional Development		1,615
Indirect Cost		_,0_0
Central Administration		634,580
School Administration		947,842
Facility Maintenance and Operations		968,706
Mid-term Adjustment Hold-Harmless		33,136
Amended Formula Adjustment		(343,157
Categorical Grants		(0:0,=0:
Pupil Transportation		
Regular		638,152
Nursing Services		75,367
Education Equalization Funding Grant		2,579,180
Vocational Supervisors		16,502
Other State Programs		20,001
Food Services		43,350
Math and Science Supplements		14,926
Preschool Disability Services		106,667
Pupil Transportation - State Bonds		77,319
Teacher of the Year		507
Teachers Retirement		23,957
Vocational Education		117,979
Office of the State Treasurer		
Public School Employees Retirement		65,598
CONTRACT		
Human Resources, Georgia Department of		
Family Connection		47,082

24,358,076.16



FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

PROJECT (SPLOST IV)	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3) (4) (5)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3) (4) (5)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
i) Acquiring, constructing and equipping replacement school building at Franklin County High School;	\$ 16,300,000.00	15,245,081.84	\$ -	\$ 15,245,081.84	\$ 15,245,081.84 \$	-	Completed
ii) adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, acquiring and equipping school buildings and	500,000,00	0.407.544.00	544,000,40	4 0 4 0 4 5 0 5 0			
school system facilities; iii) acquiring miscellaneous new equipment, fixtures and furnishings for the school system, including computer technology equipment, computer software, school buses and other vehicles, transportation and maintenance	500,000.00	2,187,544.69	544,392.13	1,643,152.56	-	-	June 30, 2019
equipment, and security and safety equipment; iv) acquiring land or improving land for new or	1,300,000.00	3,000,000.00	557,324.16	2,431,141.99	-	-	June 30, 2019
existing schools;	100,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	Completed
v) acquiring textbooks, e-books, and e-book readers for the school system;	400,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	Completed
vi) paying a portion of the payments, including principal and interest, due on the School District's Series 2006 and 2007 Bonds with a maximum payment amount of \$1,700,000.00 with the maximum cost of the projects described in items (i)-(vi) payable from said tax being \$20,000,000.00.	1,700,000.00	227,097.58		227,097.58	227,097.58		Completed
	20,300,000.00	20,659,724.11	1,101,716.29	19,546,473.97	15,472,179.42	<u>-</u>	
PROJECT (SPLOST V)							
i) Constructing, renovating, and equipping a Career Technical and Agricultural Education ("CTAE") career academy on the Franklin County High School campus and constructing and equipping additions to Carnesville Elementary School Intermediate campus;	11,000,000.00	11,000,000.00	441,904.96	100,367.11	_	-	June 30, 2023
ii) adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, acquiring and equipping school buildings and school system facilities;	3,000,000.00	3,000,000.00	-	-	-	-	June 30, 2023
iii) acquiring miscellaneous new equipment, fixtures and furnishings for the school system, including computer technology equipment, computer software, school buses and other vehicles, transportation and maintenance							
equipment, and security and safety equipment;	3,500,000.00	3,500,000.00	-	-	-	-	June 30, 2023
iv) acquiring land or improving land for new or existing schools;	100,000.00	100,000.00	-	-	-	-	June 30, 2023
v) acquiring textbooks, e-books, and e-book readers for the school system;	300,000.00	300,000.00	-	-	-	-	June 30, 2023
vi) paying any general obligation debt of the School District issued in conjunction with the	400 000 00	400 000 00					lum 00 0000
imposition of such sales and use tax.	100,000.00	100,000.00	-	-	-		June 30, 2023
	18,000,000.00	18,000,000.00	441,904.96	100,367.11		-	
	\$ 38,300,000.00 \$	38,659,724.11	\$1,543,621.25_\$	\$ 19,646,841.08	\$ <u>15,472,179.42</u> \$		

- (1) The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.
- (2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.
- (3) The voters of Franklin County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt. Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.
- 4) In addition to the expenditures shown above, the School District has incurred interest to provide advance funding for the above projects as follows:

 Prior Years
 \$ 1,835,511.80

 Current Year
 88,275.00

 Total
 \$ 1,923,786.80

(5) In addition to the expenditures shown above, the School District has incurred interest to provide advance funding for the above projects as follows:

 Prior Years
 \$ 166,446.15

 Current Year
 81,420.00

 Total
 \$ 247,866.15

SECTION II

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS



270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

August 1, 2019

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Franklin County Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Franklin County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 1, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lligg-

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor 270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

August 1, 2019

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Franklin County Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Franklin County Board of Education (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item FA 2018-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

The School District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified a deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item FA 2018-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

The School District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Thijy

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

SECTION III

AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FS-6591-13-01 <u>Inadequate Internal Controls</u>
Control Category: Cash and Cash Equivalents

Revenues/Receivables/Receipts

Expenditures/Liabilities/Disbursements

General ledger Capital Assets

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented

FS 2014-001 <u>Inadequate Internal Control Procedures</u>

Control Category: Cash and Cash Equivalents

Investments General Ledger Capital Assets

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented

FS 2015-001 <u>Inadequate Internal Control Procedures</u>

Control Category: Cash and Cash Equivalents

Investments

Revenues/Receivables/Receipts

Employee Compensation

General Ledger Capital Assets Accounting System

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented

FS 2016-001 Control Procedures at the Central Office

Control Category: Cash and Cash Equivalents

Capital Assets

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FS 2017-001 Financial Reporting Process

Control Category: Financial Reporting Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

A third-party consultant will be employed to assist and review in the preparation of the financial statements. This will provide another level of assurance of accuracy and adherence to proper GAAP standards. The changes were put in place June of 2018.

FS-2017-002 <u>Internal Controls at the Central Office</u>

Control Category: Cash and Cash Equivalents

Revenues/Receivables/Receipts

Expenditures/Liabilities/Disbursements

Capital Assets

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

In the event of long absences by a bookkeeper, timely reconciliation of bank statements at the school level will be achieved by the financial director temporarily completing the reconciliation to prevent long periods between reconciliations. At year end, electronic payment of payroll taxes will be properly recorded as cash payments when the general ledger reflects payment in the preceding month. A schedule of cash by fund and bank will be maintained. The internally pooled cash accounts will be monitored each month to ensure that they net to zero. A separate schedule will be created and maintained to list all accounts receivables by person/project/vendor. The changes were put in place May of 2019.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FA 2015-001 <u>Inadequate Controls over Equipment</u>

Compliance Category: Equipment and Real Property Management

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: Nonmaterial Noncompliance
Federal Award Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture
Pass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education

CFDA Number and Title: 10.553 and 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

The School Food Director has expanded the description of inventory items to include all required details. Inventory item tags were purchased and applied to all food service inventory. The changes were put in place December of 2018.

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FA 2016-001 Controls over Equipment

Compliance Category: Equipment and Real Property Management

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: Nonmaterial Noncompliance
Federal Award Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture
Pass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education

CFDA Number and Title: 10.553 and 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

The School Food Director has expanded the description parameters of inventory items to include all required details. Inventory item tags were purchased and applied to all food service inventory. The changes were put in place December of 2018.

SECTION IV FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issue:

Governmental Activities; General Fund; Capital Projects Fund; Debt Service Fund; Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness identified?

No None Reported

Significant deficiency identified?

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:

No

Federal Awards

Internal Control over major programs:

Material weakness identified?

No

Significant deficiency identified?

Yes

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

All major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in

accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Numbers

Name of Federal Program or Cluster

10.553, 10.555

Child Nutrition Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

\$750,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FA 2018-001 Improve Controls over Employee Compensation

Compliance Requirement: Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: Nonmaterial Noncompliance
Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture
Pass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education

CFDA Number and Title: Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA 10.553 and 10.555)
Federal Award Numbers: 18185GA324N1099 - School Breakfast Program

18185GA324N1100 - National School Lunch Program

Questioned Costs: \$448.40

Description:

The policies and procedures of the School District were insufficient to provide adequate internal controls over the employee compensation process.

Criteria:

2 CFR section 200.430(i) states in part that "Charges to Federal awards for salaries and wages must be based on records that accurately reflect the work performed. These records must: (i) Be supported by a system of internal control which provides reasonable assurance that the charges are accurate, allowable, and properly allocated; (ii) Be incorporated into the official records of the non-Federal entity..."

In addition, 2 CFR 200.303(a) states in part that the "non-Federal entity must: (a) Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award... (c) Evaluate and monitor the non-Federal entity's compliance with statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of Federal awards."

Condition:

A random sample of three employees were selected for testing using a non-statistical sampling approach. These items were reviewed to determine if internal controls were properly functioning and applicable compliance requirements were met. The following deficiencies were noted:

- One employee's timesheets for every month in the fiscal year did not support the hours for which the employee was paid and resulted in an overpayment of \$448.40.
- One employee's leave records did not support the leave without pay deduction amount calculated by the School District and resulted in an underpayment of \$576.93.

Questioned Cost:

Questioned costs of \$448.40, with likely questioned costs of \$10,392.68, were identified for employee compensation overpayments.

FRANKLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Cause:

In discussing these deficiencies with the School District, they indicated the deficiencies were the result of an inadequacy in the employee compensation process. Changes in hours worked or leave hours were not properly communicated to the appropriate individuals.

Effect or Potential Effect:

Failure to pay employees of the Child Nutrition Cluster the appropriate amount could result in the expenditure of funds for unallowable purposes. This may also expose the School District to unnecessary financial strains and shortages within the Child Nutrition Cluster fund. Additionally, the School District is not in compliance with the Uniform Guidance and Georgia Department of Education guidance.

Recommendation:

The School District should evaluate their internal control processes regarding the communication of employee compensation changes between departments to ensure that Child Nutrition Cluster employees are paid appropriately. Furthermore, management should develop and implement a monitoring process to ensure that these procedures are properly implemented.

Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with this finding.

SECTION V MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION

Franklin County School System



"Preparing Students for the Challenges of Tomorrow"

Chris Forrer Superintendent

(706) 384-4554 Fax (706) 384-7472

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS

FA 2018-001 Improve Controls over Employee Compensation

Compliance Requirement: Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency
Compliance Impact: Nonmaterial Noncompliance

Compliance Impact: Nonmaterial Noncompliance
Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture
Pass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education

CFDA Number and Title: Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA 10.553 and 10.555)
Federal Award Numbers: 18185GA324N1099 - School Breakfast Program

18185GA324N1100 - National School Lunch Program

Questioned Costs: \$448.40

The policies and procedures of the School District were insufficient to provide adequate internal controls over the employee compensation process

Corrective Action Plans:

School Food Service Director will begin submitting a Payroll Change Form to the payroll clerk when there is any change related to payroll of a food service employee. This will document changes in hours paid and number of hours worked. This will assure that the payroll department has correct payroll information and employees are paid accurately.

Estimated Completion Date: June 2019

Contact Person: Tom Porter Telephone: 706-384-4554

E-mail: tom.porter@franklin.k12.ga.us

Jan Sara